

MAT 4199/5145 – Fall 2017

Assignment 4

Professor: Alistair Savage

Due date/time: November 1, 2017, 3pm

*Assignments should be placed in the box for this course found in the lobby of the Department of Mathematics & Statistics (585 King Edward Ave) or handed in before/after class prior to the due date/time. No assignments will be accepted after the department receptionist has closed the box. Therefore, you should plan to submit your assignment well in advance of the due date/time. Please clearly indicate your name and student number on each page of your assignment. Assignments of more than one page that are not stapled will have 20% of the total available points deducted from their grade. You must properly acknowledge any collaboration or help. See*

[alistairsavage.ca/mat5145/assignments](http://alistairsavage.ca/mat5145/assignments)

for further details.

**QUESTION 1 (4 pts).** [Exercise 1.5.10] Show that  $(G, K)$  is a symmetric Gelfand pair if and only if  $g^{-1} \in KgK$  for all  $g \in G$ . Note that this corresponds to the case  $\tau = I_G$  in Proposition 1.5.13.

**QUESTION 2 (4 pts).** [Exercise 1.5.11] A group  $G$  is *ambivalent* if  $g^{-1}$  is conjugate to  $g$  for every  $g \in G$ . Consider the action of  $G \times G$  on  $G$  by

$$(g_1, g_2) \cdot g = g_1 g g_2^{-1}, \quad \text{for all } g_1, g_2, g \in G.$$

Let  $\tilde{G} = \{(g, g) : g \in G\}$ . Show that the Gelfand pair  $(G \times G, \tilde{G})$  is symmetric if and only if  $G$  is ambivalent.

**QUESTION 3 (6 pts).** [Exercise 1.6.1]

- (a) Prove that  $f_v$ , as defined in (1.49), is an element of  $Z$ .
- (b) Prove that  $\tilde{V}$ , as defined in (1.50), is a  $K$ -invariant subspace of  $Z$ .
- (c) Prove that the map  $V \rightarrow \tilde{V}$ ,  $v \mapsto f_v$ , is an isomorphism of  $K$ -representations.
- (d) Prove that (1.52) is the unique way to write  $f \in Z$  as a sum of elements of  $\sigma(s)\tilde{V}$ ,  $s \in S$ . *Hint:*  $f$  is uniquely determined by its values on  $S$ .

**QUESTION 4 (2 pts).** [Exercise 1.6.3] Prove that  $\check{U}$ , as defined in the proof of Theorem 1.6.6, is an element of  $\text{Hom}_G\left(W, \text{Ind}_K^G V\right)$ .

**QUESTION 5 (4 pts).** [Exercise 1.6.6]

- (a) Prove that  $Z_s$ , as defined in the proof of Theorem 1.6.9, is  $H$ -invariant.
- (b) Verify that the maps (1.56) and (1.57) defined in the proof Theorem 1.6.9 are mutually inverse, and that (1.56) intertwines the  $H$ -action.