## MAT 1302 D – .Test 2 – March 1st ,Winter 2011 Instructor: Termeh Kousha

[Print your FAMILY NAME in CAPITAL letters]

Name:\_\_\_\_\_

Student Number:\_\_\_\_\_

Signature:

## Make sure your cell phone is off before starting...

**Instructions:** This exam consists of 5 questions in 7 pages. The marks for each question are as listed with the question itself. The exam is out of **30**, but there are **33** points possible. (3 bonus points)

No calculators or other electronic aids allowed. No notes, books or other papers allowed.

Write all your answers in **non-erasable pen**. If you make a mistake just scratch it out and continue. You may use the back of pages for answer of questions.

## GOOD LUCK!

1. Mark each statement True or False. If it's True prove it, if it's false give a counterexample. Note that you can <u>NOT</u> prove that a statement is true by giving examples.

- (a) [3 points] If A, B are two  $m \times n$  matrices, then both  $AB^T$  and  $A^TB$  are defined.
- (b) [3 points] If  $A_{n \times n}$  is an invertible matrix, then the equation  $Ax = \overrightarrow{b}$  is always consistent for ANY  $\overrightarrow{b} \in \mathbb{R}^n$ .

- (c) [3 points] If A and B are two  $n \times n$  matrices, then if AB = 0 then either A = 0 or B = 0.
- (d) [3 points] If A and B are two  $n \times n$  matrices, such that AB and B are both invertible, then A is also invertible.

• (e) [3 points] Every equation that has a solution in  $\mathbb{C}$ , has also a solution in  $\mathbb{R}$ .

2. [4 points] Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & -3 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the inverse of A if it exists.

3. [5 points] Let 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find  $AB, \frac{1}{2}(B^T A), A^T B$  and  $A + B$  when it's defined.

4. [3 points] Consider the production model x = Cx + d for an economy with two sectors, where

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & .5 \\ .6 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix} \quad d = \begin{bmatrix} 30 \\ 40 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Use an inverse matrix to determine the production level necessary to satisfy the final demand.

5. [6 points] Let z = 3-2i, w = -3-4i and r = -5. Calculate the following: (Write them in the form of a + ib)

**a.** *z.w* 

**b.**  $\frac{\overline{z}}{\overline{w}}$ 

c. |rw|

## **d.** $\frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{w}$

Extra Page